

ABSTRAK

Marikar. Analisis Kriminologis Tindakan Kekerasan yang Dilakukan oleh Oknum Aparat Kepolisian terhadap Masyarakat di Polda Sulawesi Selatan. (Dibimbing oleh **Hambali Thalib, Abd. Rahman dan Ilham Abbas**)

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk: (1) mengetahui hakikat penanggulangan terhadap oknum aparat kepolisian yang melakukan tindakan kekerasan terhadap masyarakat di Polda Sulawesi Selatan; (2) mengidentifikasi faktor-faktor yang menyebabkan oknum aparat kepolisian melakukan tindakan kekerasan; dan (3) merumuskan strategi pencegahan serta reformasi kekerasan aparat kepolisian melalui pendekatan kriminologis.

Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan yuridis dan empiris dengan pengumpulan data melalui wawancara mendalam (data primer) serta studi kepustakaan (data sekunder). Informan penelitian berjumlah 30 orang, terdiri dari personel kepolisian berbagai tingkat jabatan (perwira menengah hingga bintang) dan pihak eksternal seperti psikolog, korban masyarakat sipil, serta peserta rehabilitasi.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa penanggulangan kekerasan oleh oknum aparat memiliki sifat multidimensional, mencakup aspek hukum, psikologis, sosial, dan kultural. Faktor penyebab tindakan kekerasan bersumber dari faktor internal (pendidikan, tekanan psikologis, dan ekonomi) serta faktor eksternal (budaya organisasi militeristik, lemahnya pengawasan internal, dan rendahnya akuntabilitas). Strategi pencegahan dan reformasi diarahkan pada peningkatan pendidikan etika dan hak asasi manusia, penguatan pengawasan internal, dukungan psikologis, peningkatan kesejahteraan personel, serta reformasi kultur organisasi kepolisian agar lebih humanis dan profesional.

Hal ini menegaskan bahwa kekerasan oleh aparat kepolisian tidak hanya merupakan perilaku individu, tetapi juga refleksi dari tekanan struktural dan budaya organisasi. Diperlukan reformasi menyeluruh untuk membangun sistem penegakan hukum yang transparan, akuntabel, dan berorientasi pada perlindungan hak asasi manusia.

Kata kunci: Kriminologi, kekerasan aparat kepolisian, faktor penyebab, penegakan hukum, reformasi kepolisian.

ABSTRACT

MARIKAR. *A Criminological Analysis of Violent Acts Committed by Police Officers against Civilians in the Jurisdiction of the South Sulawesi Regional Police.* (Supervised by **Hambali Thalib, Abd. Rahman and Ilham Abbas**)

This research aims to: (1) examine the nature of countermeasures against police officers who commit acts of violence against civilians within the Jurisdiction of South Sulawesi Regional Police; (2) identify the factors contributing to violent behavior among police officers; and (3) formulate preventive and reform strategies to address police violence through a criminological approach.

The present study employs a juridical and empirical approach. Data were collected through in-depth interviews as primary data and literature review as secondary data. A total of 30 informants participated in the study, comprising police personnel from various ranks (ranging from mid-level officers to non-commissioned officers) and external parties, including psychologists, civilian victims, and rehabilitation program participants.

The findings indicate that efforts to address police violence are multidimensional, encompassing legal, psychological, social, and cultural aspects. The causes of violent acts stem from internal factors, such as education level, psychological pressure, and economic conditions, as well as external factors, including militaristic organizational culture, weak internal oversight, and low accountability. Prevention and reform strategies emphasize strengthening ethics and human rights education, enhancing internal supervision mechanisms, providing psychological support, improving personnel welfare, and reforming police organizational culture toward a more humane and professional orientation.

These findings affirm that violence by police officers is not merely an individual behavioral issue but also a reflection of structural pressures and organizational culture. Comprehensive reform is therefore required to build a law enforcement system that is transparent, accountable, and oriented toward the protection of human rights.

Keywords: Criminology, police violence, causal factors, law enforcement, police reform